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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
09/419,439	10/15/1999	THOMAS D. HARTNETT	RA-5274	1274
7590 01/29/2004		EXAMINER		
BETH L MCMAHON			WOOD, WILLIAM H	
UNISYS CORPORATION			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
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ST PAUL, MN 551640942			DATE MAILED: 01/29/2004	1

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

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	Application N .	Applicant(s)				
	09/419,439	HARTNETT ET AL.	1			
Offic Acti n Summary	Examiner	Art Unit				
	William H. Wood	2124				
The MAILING DATE of this communication appears on the cover sheet with the correspondence address Period for Reply						
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPL' THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.1:	_					
after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. If the period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, a reply If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period of Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b). Status	will apply and will expire SIX (6) MOI , cause the application to become A	NTHS from the mailing date of this commun BANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133).	nication.			
1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on 03 N	ovember 2003.					
2a)⊠ This action is FINAL . 2b)☐ This	action is non-final.					
Since this application is in condition for alloware closed in accordance with the practice under E			rits is			
Disposition of Claims						
4)⊠ Claim(s) <u>1-22</u> is/are pending in the application.						
4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdraw	wn from consideration.					
5) Claim(s) is/are allowed.						
6)⊠ Claim(s) <u>1,2,5,6,11-14,19 and 20</u> is/are rejected.						
7)⊠ Claim(s) <u>3, 4, 7-10, 15-18, 21 and 22</u> is/are objected to.						
8) Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/o	r election requirement.					
Application Papers						
9) The specification is objected to by the Examine						
10)☐ The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a)☐ accepted or b)☐ objected to by the Examiner.						
Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).						
Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction is required if the drawing(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).						
11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner. Note the attached Office Action or form PTO-152.						
Priority under 35 U.S.C. §§ 119 and 120						
12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign a) All b) Some * c) None of:		§ 119(a)-(d) or (f).				
 Certified copies of the priority documents have been received. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No 						
3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage						
application from the International Burea		traccived				
* See the attached detailed Office action for a list 13) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for domesti since a specific reference was included in the fire	ic priority under 35 U.S.C	. § 119(e) (to a provisional app	olication) a Sheet.			
37 CFR 1.78. a) ☐ The translation of the foreign language pro	ovisional application has b	neen received				
14) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for domesti			ecific			
reference was included in the first sentence of the specification or in an Application Data Sheet. 37 CFR 1.78.						
Attachment(s)						
1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892)		Summary (PTO-413) Paper No(s).				
Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449) Paper No(s) _	5) Notice of Other:	Informal Patent Application (PTO-152) .)			

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DETAILED ACTION

Claims 1-22 are pending and have been examined.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

- 1. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
 - (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.
- 2. Claims 1, 2, 5, 11-12 and 19-20 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Alexander et al. (USPN 6,029,006).

In regard to claim 1, Alexander disclosed the limitations:

- For use in a data processing system having an instruction processor to
 execute instructions included in the instruction set of the instruction processor
 (Figure 1), a system for programmably controlling the variable number of the
 instructions beginning execution within the instruction pipeline during (column
 2, lines 54-57; Figures 1 and 17), comprising:
 - a first storage device to receive and to store a programmable count value indicative of a predetermined number of instructions (Figure 17, elements 23, 30 and 31 revealing INTERVAL register and E register); and
 - a logic sequencer coupled to said first storage device to receive said programmable count value (Figures 1 and 17)

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Alexander did not explicitly state initiating simultaneous execution on a variable number of instructions in a predetermined period of time via a pipeline control signal. Alexander demonstrated that it was known at the time of invention to implement circuits using a pipeline system (column 4, line 50 to column 5, line 35). Official Notice is taken that it was known at the time of invention to implement pipelining using a synchronous pipeline (which forces each stage to a standard cycle length equal to the other stages). It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of invention to implement Alexander's processor with a synchronous pipeline. This implementation would have been obvious because one of ordinary skill in the art would be motivated to provide the benefits of power conservation to all types of processors (column 2, lines 52-54). Using such an implementation, one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of invention would understand the processor itself defines a *predetermined period of time* (synchronous pipeline) and the interval of Alexander defines the variable number of instructions that are being executed in the pipeline (by allowing only so many instructions into the defined period of time of the pipeline).

In regard to claim 2, Alexander disclosed the limitation *further including programmable* enable logic to selectively enable said logic sequencer to be responsive to said programmable count value (column 12, lines 55-64; Figure 17, general).

In regard to claim 5, Alexander disclosed the limitation further including scan enable logic coupled to said logic sequencer to programmably enable said logic sequencer to

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repeatedly generate said pipeline control signal to initiate execution of said predetermined number of the instructions during successive periods of time that are each equal to the predetermined period of time (column 12, lines 55-64; enable logic allows for repeated generation of signal to control number of instructions in pipeline).

In regard to claim 11, the limitations of the claim correspond to the limitations of claim 1 and as such are rejected in the same manner.

In regard to claim 12, the limitations of the claim correspond to claims 2 and 5 and are rejected in the same manner.

In regard to claims 19-20, the limitations of the claim 19 correspond to the limitations of claim 1 and as such are rejected in the same manner. Claim 20 corresponds to claim 5.

3. Claims 6 and 13-14 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Alexander et al. (USPN 6,029,006) in view of Zaidi et al. (USPN 5,996,064) in further view of Bertin et al. (USPN 6,345,362).

In regard to claim 6, Alexander did not explicitly state the limitations:

wherein said first storage device is adapted to receive, and to store, a
respective first one of said programmable count values for each of first
selectable ones of the instructions, and

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 wherein said programmable enable logic includes circuits to enable said logic sequencer to receive, for any of said first selectable ones of the instructions, said respective first one of said programmable count values when said any of said first selectable ones of the instructions enters the instruction pipeline to begin execution.

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Zaidi demonstrated that it was known at the time of invention to combine a count value with individual instructions (Zaidi: Figure 4B). Bertin demonstrated that it was known at the time of invention to attempt control of instructions based upon power usage (Bertin: abstract). It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of invention to implement Alexander's system of threshold control with a instruction providing its own INTERVAL field as found in Zaidi's teaching. This implementation would have been obvious because one of ordinary skill in the art would be motivated to control a processors execution power consumption based upon energy hungry or unhungry instructions (instruction power consumption illustrated in Bertin). Instructions become *selectable* based upon Alexander's E field.

In regard to claim 13, the limitations of the claim relate to claim 6 and are rejected the same as for claim 6 here.

In regard to claim 14, the limitations of the claim relate to claim 6 and are rejected in the same manner.

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Allowable Subject Matter

4. Claims 3-4, 7-10, 15-18 and 21-22 are objected to as being dependent upon a rejected base claim, but would be allowable if rewritten in independent form including all of the limitations of the base claim and any intervening claims. The following is a statement of reasons for the indication of allowable subject matter: the base claims contain limitations, which are not reasonably disclosed or suggested in the prior art of record. Specifically, the base claims 3, 4, 7, 15 and 21 contain limitations regarding a relationship or combination between instructions providing a value to control the initiation of simultaneous number of instructions in a pipeline in a predetermined period of time. All other claims are allowable for at least the reasons stated for the above claims to which they all respectfully depend.

Response to Arguments

5. Applicant's arguments filed 3 November 2003, in regard to claim 1, have been fully considered but they are not persuasive. Applicant argues **Alexander** fails to disclose "a first storage device to receive and to store a programmable count value indicative of a predetermined number of instructions". Under the broadest reasonable interpretation of the claim language, Applicant's argument is flawed and incorrect. The term indicative in no way limits the count value to an actual number of instructions entering the pipeline (for instance, count value = 5 and then 5 instructions enter the pipeline). Indicative reads as making and indication (pointing out or to something). It does not read, "count value is a predetermined number ...". Further limitations of claim

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1 include, "... sequencer ... to receive said programmable count value, and in response thereto, to generate a pipeline control signal ... to cause the instructions pipeline to receive, and to initiate ... execution on, the predetermined number of instructions ...".

This limitation does not provide a further definition of count value such that it must be an actual number of instructions entering the pipeline. The additional limitation cannot refute the indicative statement, which already defines count value. All this being said,

Alexander provides a value, which indicates (though possibly indirectly) a number of instructions in a pipeline in a predetermined period of time (defined by implementing the pipeline as a synchronous pipeline). Applicant further argues the claimed invention's count value supplies an exact number of instructions to begin execution (paper received 03 November 2003: page 6, line 10). The claim does not make mention of exactly. It does, however, state indicative. For this reason, it can clearly be seen that the claimed invention reads upon the cited prior art of Alexander.

Applicant's arguments filed 3 November 2003, in regard to claim 6, have been fully considered but they are not persuasive. Applicant's arguments center on lack of motivation to combine the three references (that the systems are different and not concerned with the same time of individual instruction control). This however is refuted by **Bertin** itself (column 1, lines 63-65; and column 2, lines 38-41). The systems are similar and they are concerned with individual instructions (instructions concerned with power usage). For this reason, it can clearly be seen that the claimed invention reads upon the cited prior art.

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The above points are believed to address all of Applicant's concerns and as such the previous rejections are clearly valid. Other rejected claims, which Applicant contests, are believed to be addressed by above arguments as well. Applicant's claimed invention reads upon the cited prior art.

Conclusion

6. THIS ACTION IS MADE FINAL. Applicant is reminded of the extension of time policy as set forth in 37 CFR 1.136(a).

A shortened statutory period for reply to this final action is set to expire THREE MONTHS from the mailing date of this action. In the event a first reply is filed within TWO MONTHS of the mailing date of this final action and the advisory action is not mailed until after the end of the THREE-MONTH shortened statutory period, then the shortened statutory period will expire on the date the advisory action is mailed, and any extension fee pursuant to 37 CFR 1.136(a) will be calculated from the mailing date of the advisory action. In no event, however, will the statutory period for reply expire later than SIX MONTHS from the mailing date of this final action.

Correspondence Information

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to William H. Wood whose telephone number is (703)305-3305. The examiner can normally be reached 7:30am - 5:00pm Monday thru Thursday and 7:30am - 4:00pm every other Friday.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Kakali Chaki can be reached on (703)305-9662. The fax phone numbers for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned are (703)746-7239 for regular communications and (703)746-7238 for After Final communications.

Any inquiry of a general nature or relating to the status of this application or proceeding should be directed to the receptionist whose telephone number is (703)305-3900.

William H. Wood January 13, 2004

asan. Ma! KAKALI CHAGO SUPERVISORY PATENT EXAMINER

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